MikroTik RouterOS

Feature catalog


```
demo@demo.mt.lv (demo.mt.lv) - WinBox v3.23 on RB433 (mipsbe)          Send Feedback

                                                                    ☑ Hide Passwords

Interfaces
Wireless
Bridge
Mesh
PPP
IP
Routing
Ports
Queues
Drivers
System
Files
Log
SNMP          MMM      MMM     KKK                    TTTTTTTTTTT      KKK
Users         MMMM    MMMM     KKK                    TTTTTTTTTTT      KKK
Radius        MMM MMMM MMM III KKK KKK RRRRRR   OOOOOO    TTT   III KKK KKK
Tools         MMM  MM  MMM III KKKKKK  RRR RRR OOO  OOO   TTT   III KKKKK
New Terminal  MMM      MMM III KKK KKK RRRRRR  OOO  OOO   TTT   III KKK KKK
Telnet        MMM      MMM III KKK KKK RRR RRR OOOOOO     TTT   III KKK KKK
Password
Certificates  MikroTik RouterOS 3.23 (c) 1999-2009       http://www.mikrotik.com/
Stores
MetaROUTER
Make Supout.rif
Manual        [demo@demo.mt.lv] >
Exit
```

RouterOS

MikroTik RouterOS is the operating system of MikroTik RouterBOARD hardware.

It can also be installed on a PC and will turn it into a router with all the necessary features - routing, firewall, bandwidth management, wireless access point, backhaul link, hotspot gateway, VPN server and more.

RouterOS is a stand-alone operating system based on the Linux v2.6 kernel, and our goal here at MikroTik is to provide all these features with a quick and simple installation and an easy to use interface.

You can try RouterOS today, go to www.mikrotik.com and download the installation CD image. The free trial provides all of the features with no limitations.

In the following pages you will find examples of some of the most important RouterOS features.
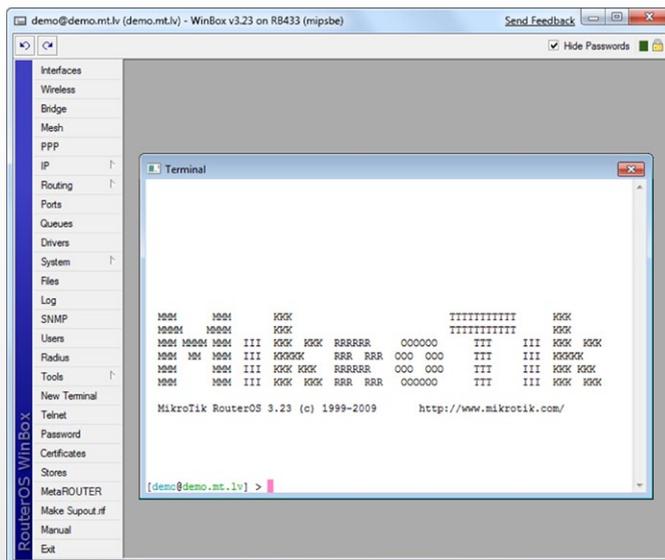
Hardware
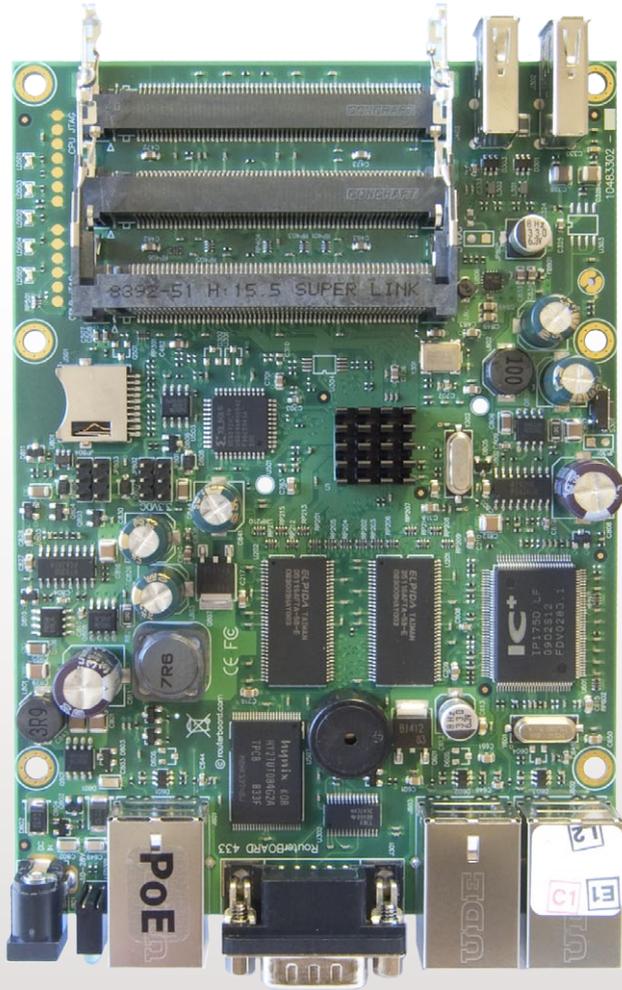
RouterOS is the operating system provided with MikroTik RouterBOARD devices, but it can also be installed on PCs and other X86 compatible hardware devices, like embedded boards and miniITX systems.

RouterOS is now built upon the Linux v2.6 kernel and supports multi-core and multi-CPU computers (SMP). You can run it on the latest and greatest Intel motherboards and use the newest multicore CPUs.

RouterOS supports installation on IDE, SATA and USB storage devices, this includes HDDs, CF and SD cards, SDD disks and more. You need at least 64MB of space to install RouterOS, which will format your partition and become the default operating system of the device it's in.

Of course RouterOS has a multitude of supported network interfaces, including the latest 10 Gigabit ethernet cards, 802.11a/b/g/n wireless cards and 3G modems.

Configuration

Interfaces

Default gateway: 10.10.3.1
Use bridge interface:

Name	Type	Configuration	Graph
ether1	ethernet	enabled	graph
ether2	ethernet	192.168.212.1/24	graph
ether3	ethernet	192.168.213.1/24	graph
wlan1-uplink	wireless	66.228.113.24/32	graph
wlan2-st2	wireless	66.228.113.24/32	graph
wlan3-ap1	wireless	66.228.113.24/32	graph

MikroTik
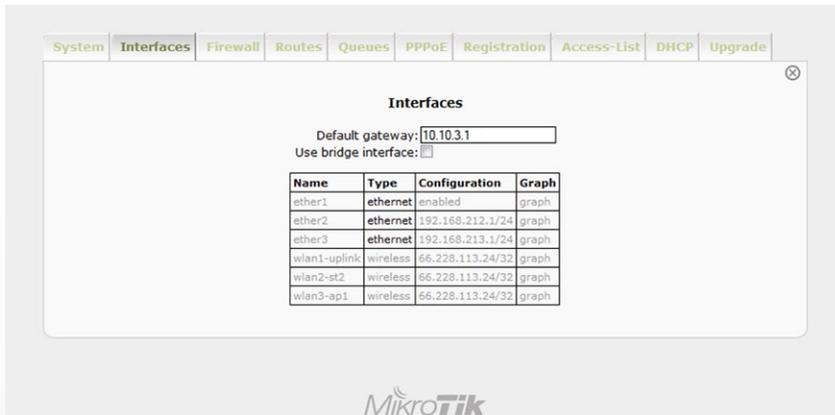
RouterOS supports various methods of configuration - local access with keyboard and monitor, serial console with a terminal application, Telnet and secure SSH access over networks, a custom GUI configuration tool called Winbox, a simple Web based configuration interface and an API programming interface for building your own control application. In case there is no local access, and there is a problem with IP level communications, RouterOS also supports a MAC level based connection with the custom made Mac-Telnet and Winbox tools.

RouterOS features a powerful, yet easy to learn command-line configuration interface with integrated scripting capabilities.

- Winbox GUI over IP and MAC
- CLI with Telnet, SSH, Local console and Serial console
- API for programming your own tools
- Web interface

```
demo.mt.lv - PuTTY                                    Send Feedback
ppp -- Point to Point Protocol
queue -- Bandwidth management
quit -- Quit console
radius -- Radius client settings
redo -- Redo previosly undone action
routing --
setup -- Do basic setup of system
snmp -- SNMP settings
special-login -- Special login users
store --
system --
tool -- Diagnostics tools
undo -- Undo previous action
user --
export -- Print or save an export script that can be used to restore configurati
on


[demo@demo.mt.lv] > interface wireless registration-table print
 # INTERFACE          RADIO-NAME      MAC-ADDRESS        AP  SIGNAL... TX-RATE
 0 wlan3-ap1          000C4218551A    00:0C:42:18:55:1A  no  -69dBm... 54Mbps
 1 wlan2-st2          000C42050127    00:0C:42:05:01:27  yes -65dBm... 54Mbps
 2 wlan1-uplink       000B6B4D461F    00:0B:6B:4D:46:1F  yes -26dBm... 54Mbps
[demo@demo.mt.lv] >
```

Firewall

The firewall implements packet filtering and thereby provides security functions, that are used to manage data flow to, from and through the router. Along with the Network Address Translation it serves for preventing unauthorized access to directly attached networks and the router itself as well as a filter for outgoing traffic.

RouterOS features a stateful firewall, which means that is performs stateful packet inspection and keeps track of the state of network connections traveling across it.

It also supports Source and Destionation NAT (Network Address Translation), NAT helpers for popular applications and UPnP.

The Firewall provides features to make use of internal connection, routing and packet marks.

It can filter by IP address, address range, port, port range, IP protocol, DSCP and other parameters, also supports Static and Dynamic Address Lists, and can match packets by pattern in their content, specified in Regular Expressions, called Layer7 matching.

The RouterOS Firewall facility also supports IPv6.
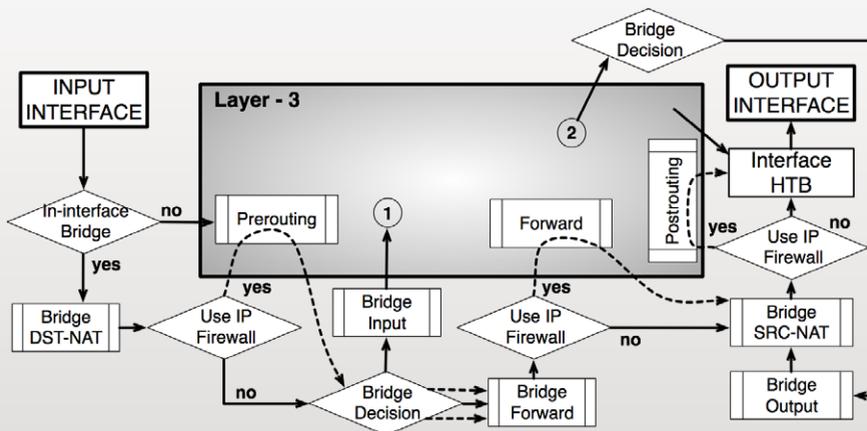
Routing
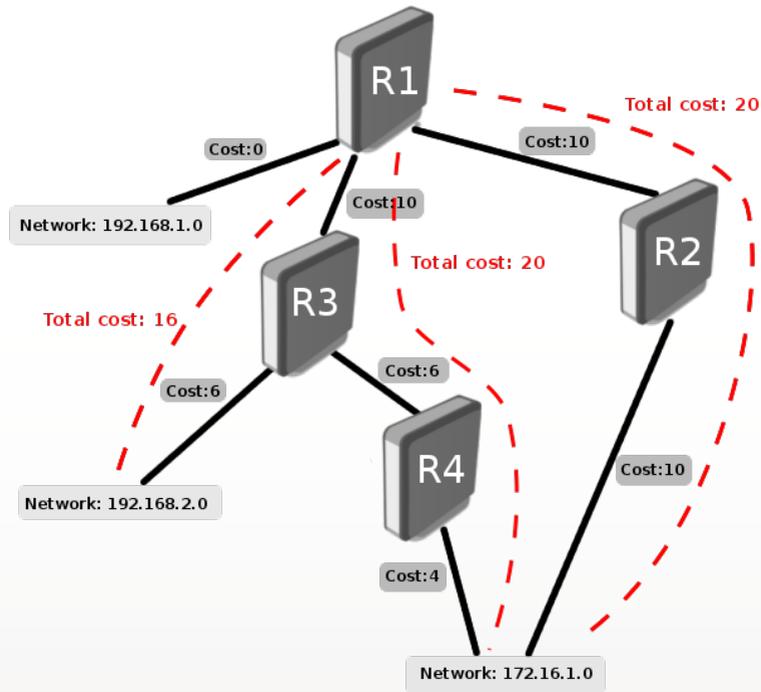
RouterOS supports static routing and a multitude of dynamic routing protocols.

- For IPv4 it supports RIP v1 and v2, OSPF v2, BGP v4.
- For IPv6 it supports RIPng, OSPFv3 and BGP.

RouterOS also suppors Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF), Policy based routing, Interface based routing and ECMP routing.

You can use the Firewall filter to mark specific connections with Routing marks, and then make the marked traffic use a different ISP.

Now with MPLS support added to RouterOS, VRF is also introduced. Virtual Routing and Forwarding is a technology that allows multiple instances of a routing table to co-exist within the same router at the same time. Because the routing instances are independent, the same or overlapping IP addresses can be used without conflicting with each other. VRF also increases network security. It is often used in, but not limited to MPLS networks.
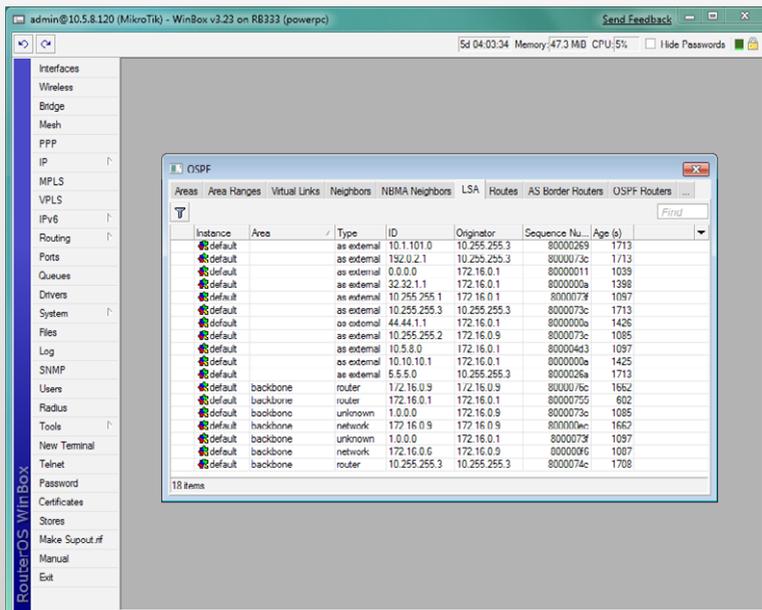
MPLS
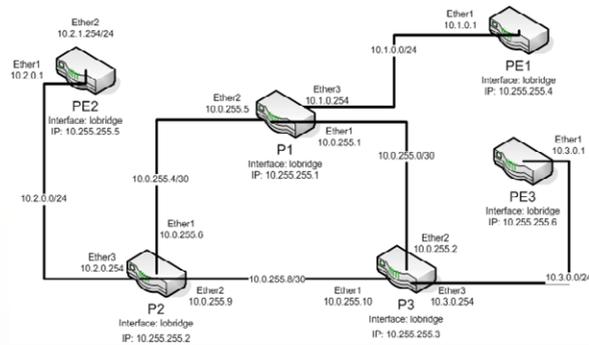
MPLS stands for MultiProtocol Label Switching. It can be used to replace IP routing - packet forwarding decision is no longer based on fields in IP header and routing table, but on labels that are attached to packet. This approach speeds up forwarding process because next hop lookup becomes very simple compared to routing lookup.

Efficency of forwarding process is the main benefit of MPLS. MPLS makes it easy to create "virtual links" between nodes on the network, regardless of the protocol of their encapsulated data.

It is a highly scalable, protocol agnostic, data-carrying mechanism. In an MPLS network, data packets are assigned labels. Packet-forwarding decisions are made solely on the contents of this label, without the need to examine the packet itself. This allows one to create end-to-end circuits across any type of transport medium, using any protocol.

Some of the supported MPLS features:

- Static Label bindings for IPv4
- Label Distribution protocol for IPv4
- RSVP Traffic Engineering tunnels
- VPLS MP-BGP based autodiscovery and signaling
- MP-BGP based MPLS IP VPN
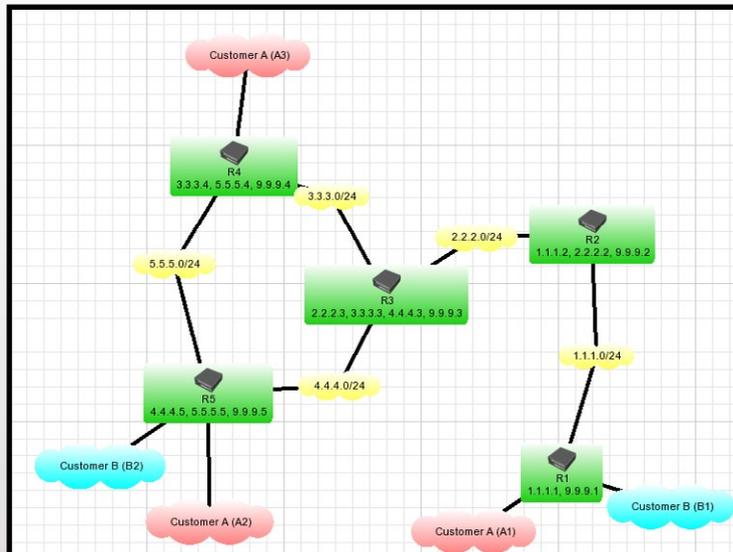
VPN
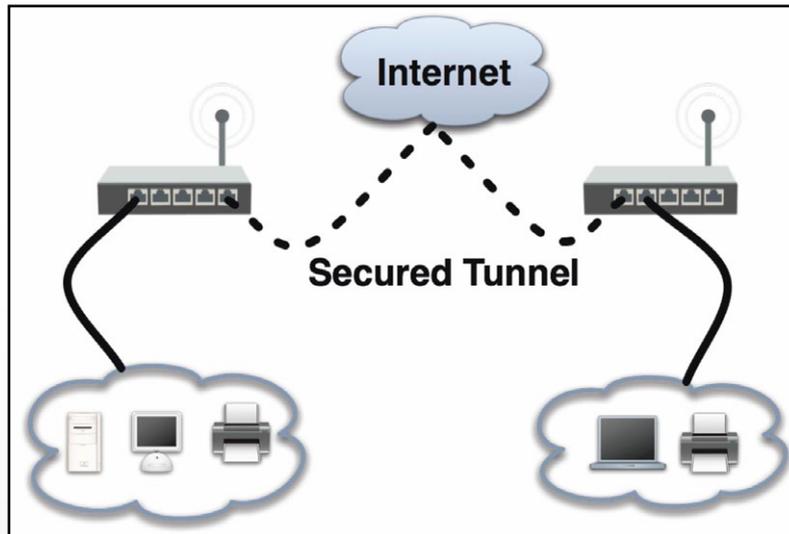
To establish secure connections over open networks or the Internet, or connect remote locations with encrypted links, RouterOS supports various VPN methods and tunnel protocols:

- Ipsec – tunnel and transport mode, certificate or PSK, AH and ESP security protocols
- Point to point tunneling (OpenVPN, PPTP, PPPoE, L2TP)
- Advanced PPP features (MLPPP, BCP)
- Simple tunnels (IPIP, EoIP)
- 6to4 tunnel support (IPv6 over IPv4 network)
- VLAN – IEEE802.1q Virtual LAN support, Q-in-Q support
- MPLS based VPNs

This means that you can securely interconnect banking networks, use your workplace resources while travelling, connect to your home local network, or increase security of your wireless backbone link. You can even interconnect two branch office networks and they would be able to use each other's resources, as if the computers would be in the same location - all secure and encrypted.
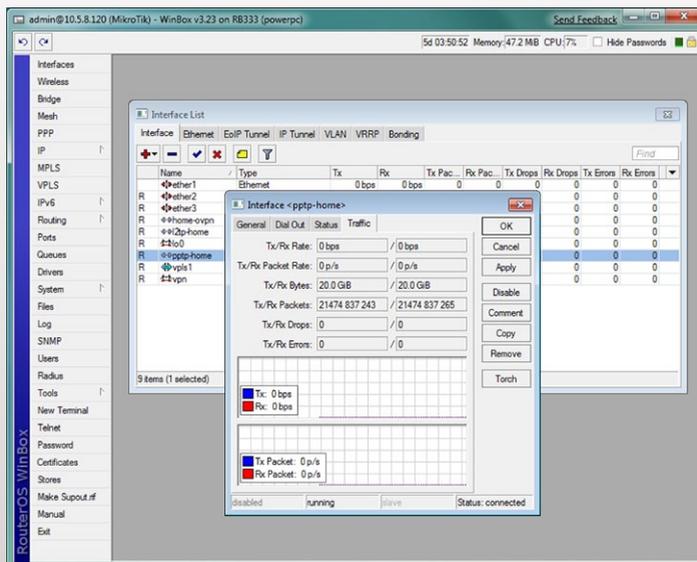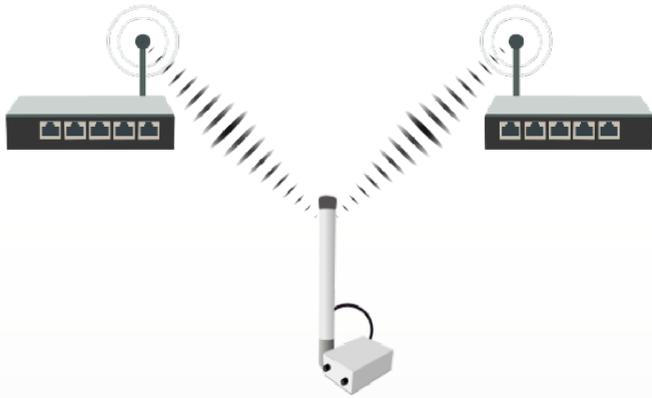
Point to Multi Point Link
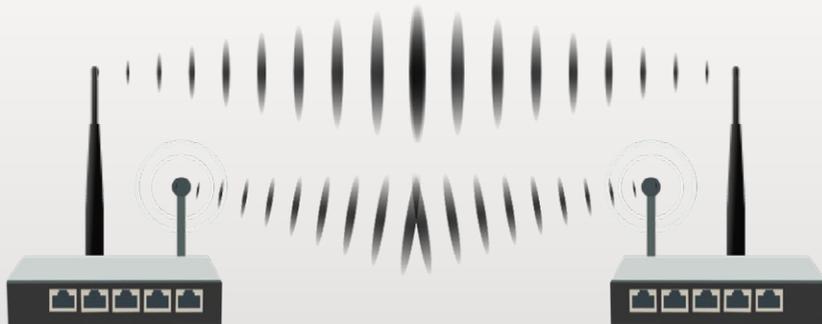
Dual Nstreme Link

Wireless

A variety of Wireless technologies are suppored in RouterOS, the most basic of them being the wireless access point and client. If it's a small hotspot network in your home, or a city wide mesh network, RouterOS will help you in all situations. Some of the features supported by RouterOS:

- IEEE802.11a/b/g/n wireless client and access point
- Nstreme and Nstreme2 proprietary protocols
- Client polling
- RTS/CTS
- Wireless Distribution System (WDS)
- Virtual AP
- WEP, WPA, WPA2 encryption
- Access control list
- Wireless client roaming
- WMM
- HWMP+ Wireless MESH protocol
- MME wireless routing protocol

RouterOS also features the NStreme proprietary wireless protocol that allows to extend the connection range and speed, when using MikroTik routers at each end. This has helped to achieve the current non-amplified wifi link lenght world record in Italy. Also supported is NSteme dual which allows to use two antennas at each end, one for receiving and one for sending.

Hotspot

The MikroTik HotSpot Gateway enables providing of public network access for clients using wireless or wired network connections. The user will be presented a login screen when first opening their web broswer. Once a login and password is provided, the user will be allowed internet access.

This is ideal for hotel, school, airport, internet cafe or any other public place where administration doesn't have control over the user computer. No software installatin or network configuration is needed, hotspot will direct any connection request to the login form.

Extensive user management is possible by making different user profiles, each of which can allow certain uptime, upload and download speed limitation, transfer amount limitation and more.

Hotspot also supports authentication against standard RADIUS servers and MikroTik's own User Manager which will give you a centralized management of all users in your networks.

- Plug-n-Play access to the Network
- Authentication of local Network Clients
- User Accounting
- RADIUS support for Authentication and Accounting
- Configurable bypass for non-interactive devices
- Walled garden for browsing exceptions
- Trial user and Advertisement modes

Quality of Service

pcq-rate=0
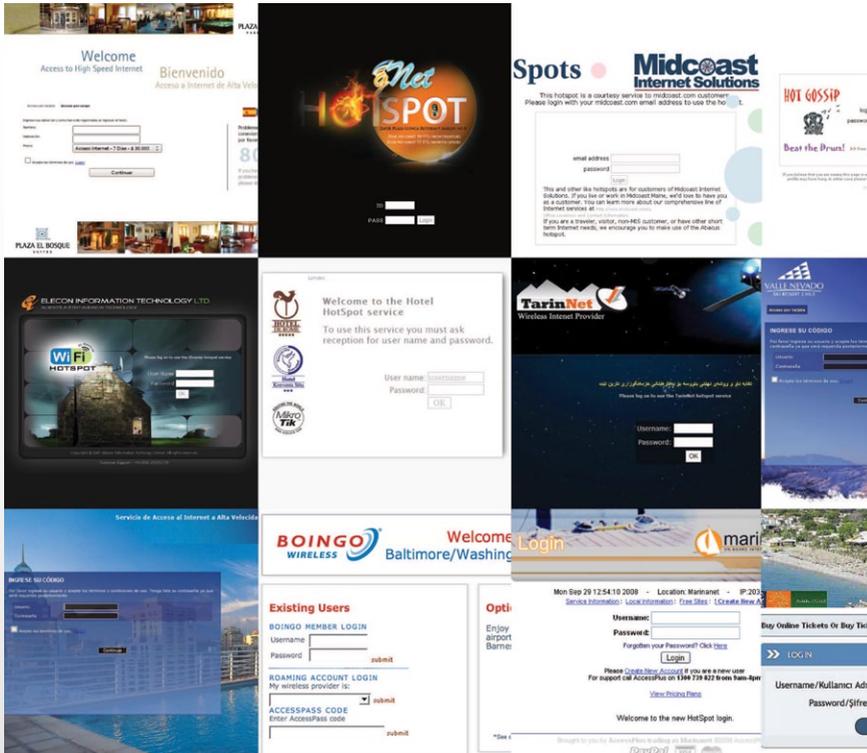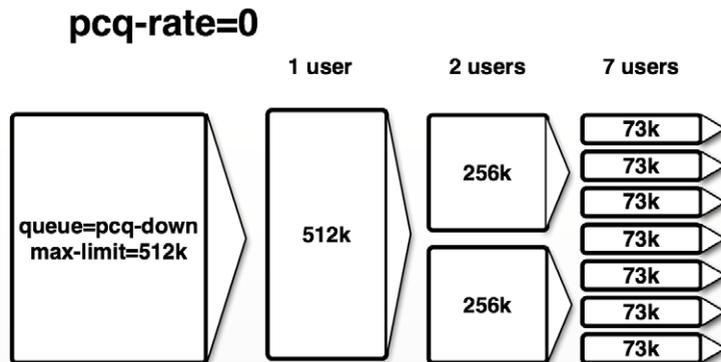
Bandwidth Control is a set of mechanisms that control data rate allocation, delay variability, timely delivery, and delivery reliability.

Quality of Service (QoS) means that the router can prioritize and shape network traffic. Some features of MikroTik RouterOS traffic control mechanism are listed below:

- limit data rate for certain IP adresses, subnets, protocols, ports, and other parameters
- limit peer-to-peer traffic
- prioritize some packet flows over others
- use queue bursts for faster web browsing
- apply queues on fixed time intervals
- share available traffic among users equally, or depending on the load of the channel
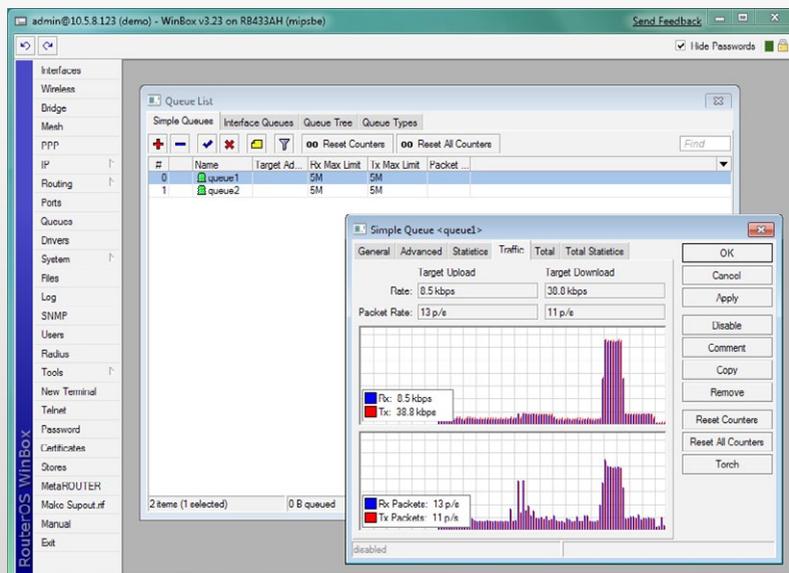
RouterOS supports Hierarchical Token Bucket (HTB) QoS system with CIR, MIR, burst and priority support, and provides both advanced queuing, and also an easy solution for basic QoS implementation - Simple queues.

Web Proxy
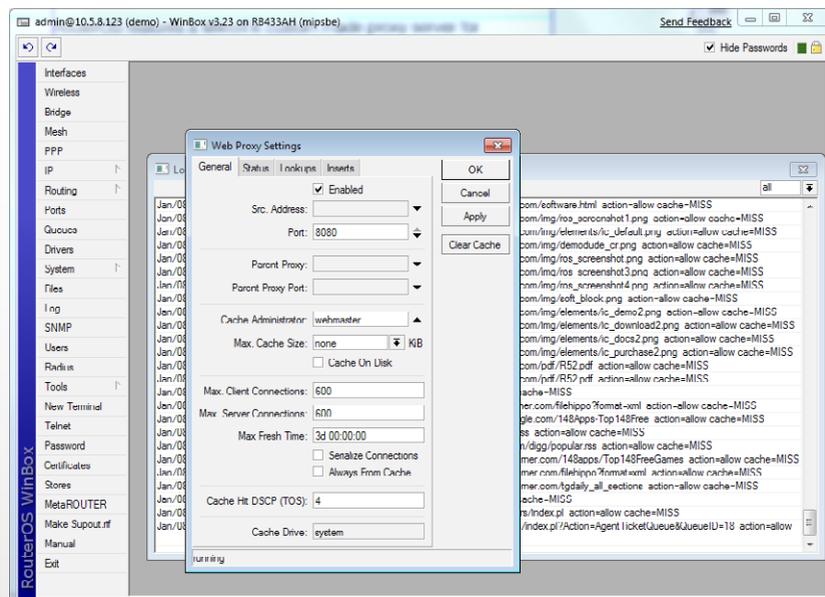
RouterOS features a MikroTik custom made proxy server for caching web resources, and speeding up customer browsing by delivering them cached file copies at local network speed. MikroTik RouterOS implements the following proxy server features:

- Regular HTTP proxy
- Transparent proxy
- Access list by source, destination, URL and requested method (HTTP firewall)
- Cache access list to specify which objects to cache, and which not.
- Direct Access List to specify which resources should be accessed directly, and which - through another proxy server
- Logging facility
- SOCKS proxy support
- Parent proxy support
- Cache storage on external drives

RouterOS can also act as a Transparent Caching server, with no configuration required in the customer PC. RouterOS will take all HTTP requests and redirect them to the local proxy service. This process will be entirely transparent to the user, and the only difference to them will be the increased browsing speed.

Tools

To help administrating your network, RouterOS also provides a large number of small network tools to optimize your everyday tasks. Here are some of them:

- Ping, traceroute
- Bandwidth test, ping flood
- Packet sniffer, torch
- Telnet, SSH
- E-mail and SMS send tools
- Automated script execution tools
- CALEA data mirroring
- File Fetch tool
- Active connection table
- NTP Client and Server
- TFTP server
- Dynamic DNS updater
- VRRP redundancy support
- SNMP for providing graphs and stats
- RADIUS client and server (User Manager)
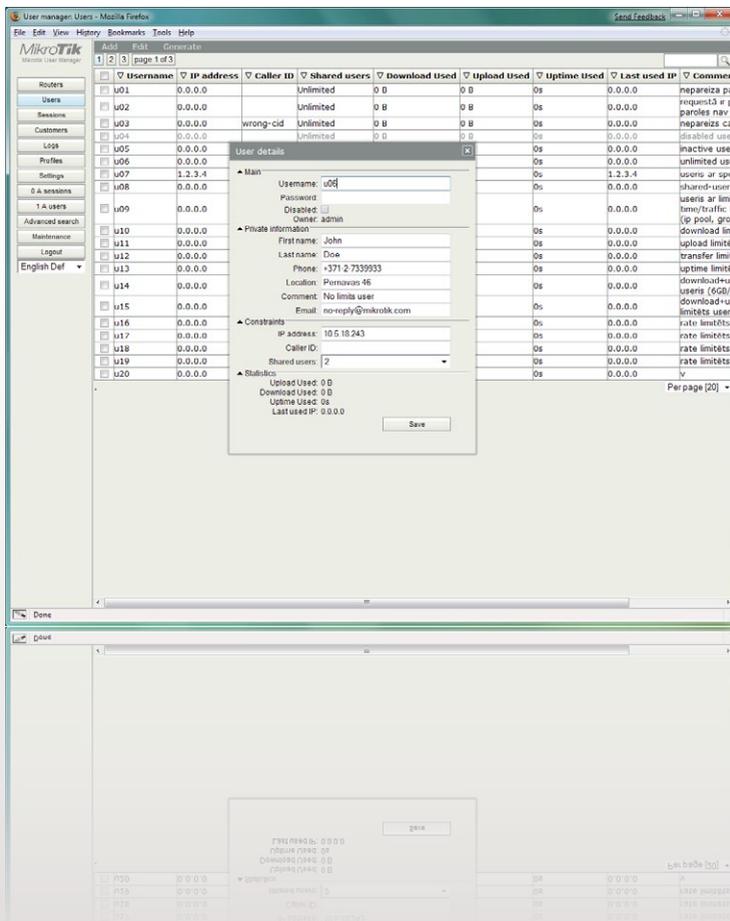
The Dude
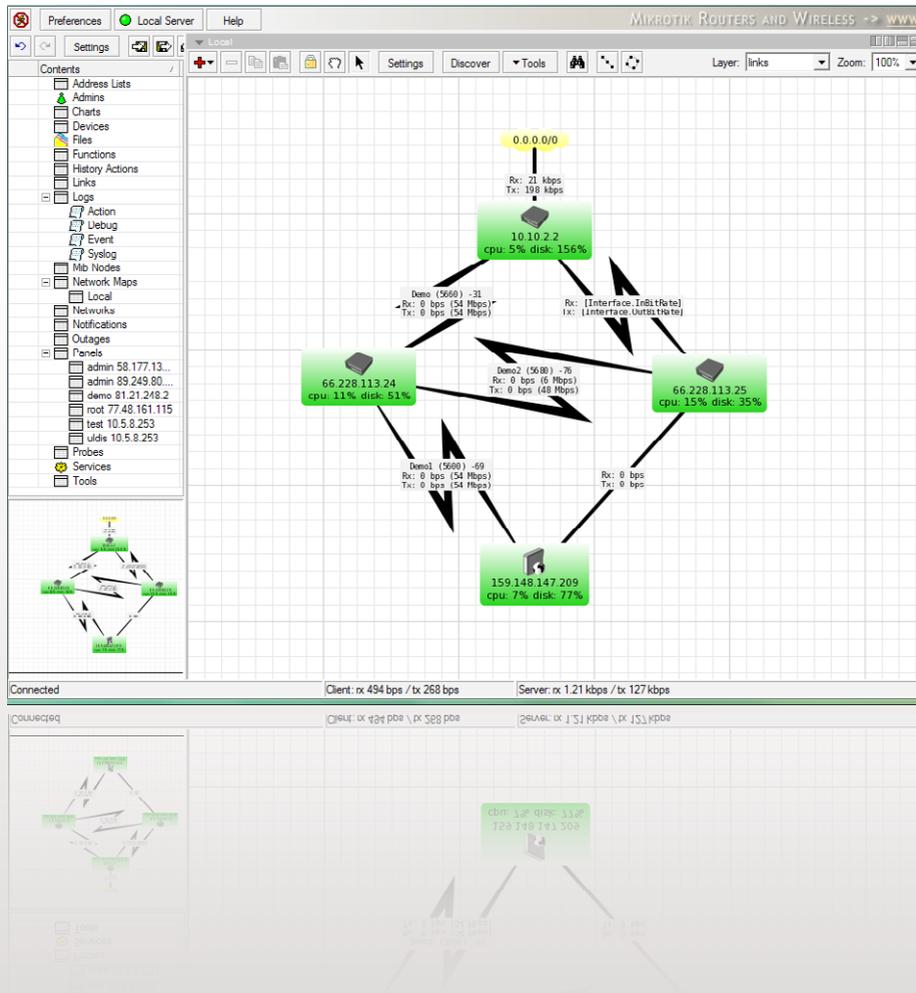
The Dude network monitor is an application by MikroTik which can dramatically improve the way you manage your network environment. It will automatically scan all devices within specified subnets, draw and layout a map of your networks, monitor services of your devices and alert you in case some service has problems.

Not only can you monitor your RouterOS devices, you can monitor any device that is accessible by Ping or provides SNMP information.

You are able to make traffic and availibility graphs, outage reports, and even use the Dude as a Syslog server for your RouterOS device log files.

The Dude can also manage your RouterOS device configurations, and automate their software upgrades and mass configure them.

Best of all - The Dude is free of charge.

Licenses

Level number	0 (FREE)	1 (DEMO)	3 (WISP CPE)	4 (WISP)	5 (WISP)	6 (Controller)
Upgradable To	-	no upgrades	ROS v4.x	ROS v4.x	ROS v5.x	ROS v5.x
Initial Config Support	-	-	-	15 days	30 days	30 days
Wireless AP	24h limit	-	-	yes	yes	yes
Wireless Client, Bridge	24h limit	-	yes	yes	yes	yes
RIP, OSPF, BGP protocols	24h limit	-	yes	yes	yes	yes
EoIP tunnels	24h limit	1	1	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
PPPoE tunnels	24h limit	1	1	200	500	unlimited
PPTP tunnels	24h limit	1	1	200	unlimited	unlimited
L2TP tunnels	24h limit	1	1	200	unlimited	unlimited
OVPN tunnels	24h limit	1	1	200	unlimited	unlimited
VLAN interfaces	24h limit	1	1	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
P2P firewall rules	24h limit	1	1	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
NAT rules	24h limit	1	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
HotSpot active users	24h limit	1	1	200	500	unlimited
RADIUS client	24h limit	-	yes	yes	yes	yes
Queues	24h limit	1	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Web proxy	24h limit	-	yes	yes	yes	yes
User manager active sessions	24h limit	1	10	20	50	Unlimited

After installing the free trial version of RouterOS on a PC, you will certainly want to keep using it. To do this, you need to purchase a license key. There are four types of RouterOS license keys available, indicated by a "level number". The lowest level is 3, which has wireless client functionality and limited number of active users, and the highest is level 6 which doesn't have any limitations, as you can see in the table on left.

It's important to note that regardless of license level chosen, all RouterOS installations allow you to use unlimited number of interfaces, include limited technical support over email and never stop working. In fact, the RouterOS license allows you to install any upgrades that MikroTik might release, up until the last upgrade of the next major release since you purchased your key. If you want, you can keep using RouterOS on that final release - RouterOS license never expires.

It's also important to note that each license is bound to the drive it's installed on, which means that each Router needs a separate license key.

All RouterBOARD devices made by MikroTik are already preinstalled with a licensed RouterOS version and don't require a new key.

MikroTik

To obtain MikroTik hardware and software, visit our distributors.
For more information and latest news go to www.mikrotik.com